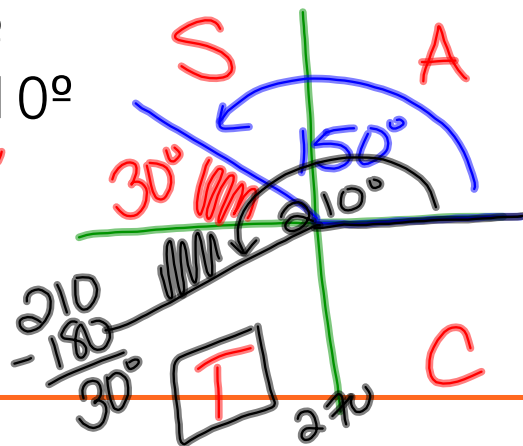


Warm Up:

Which expression is not equivalent to  $\sin 150^\circ$ ?

- (1)  $\sin 30^\circ$
- (2)  $-\sin 210^\circ$
- (3)  $\sin \frac{11\pi}{6}$
- (4)  $-\sin \frac{11\pi}{6}$



$\sin(150)$	.5
$\sin(30)$	.5
$-\sin(210)$	.5
$\sin(\frac{11\pi}{6})$	.5
$-\sin(\frac{11\pi}{6})$	-.5
	.5



# Finding Values of Trig Functions (given certain information)

Given: 1 Function & 1 Quadrant

If  $\sin\theta = 5/13$  and  $\theta$  is the measure of an angle in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quadrant, find

- a)  $\cos\theta$       b)  $\tan\theta$

a)  $\cos\theta = -\frac{12}{13}$

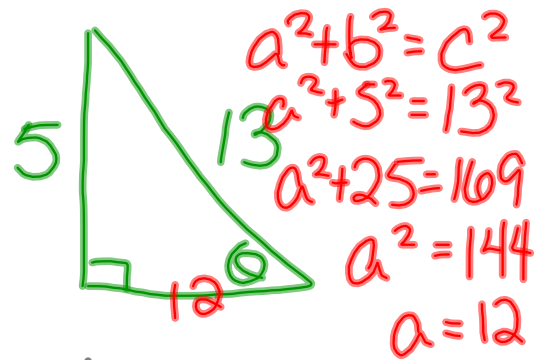
b)  $\tan\theta = -\frac{5}{12}$

$\pm$

in QII

SOH CAH TOA

S	A
T	C



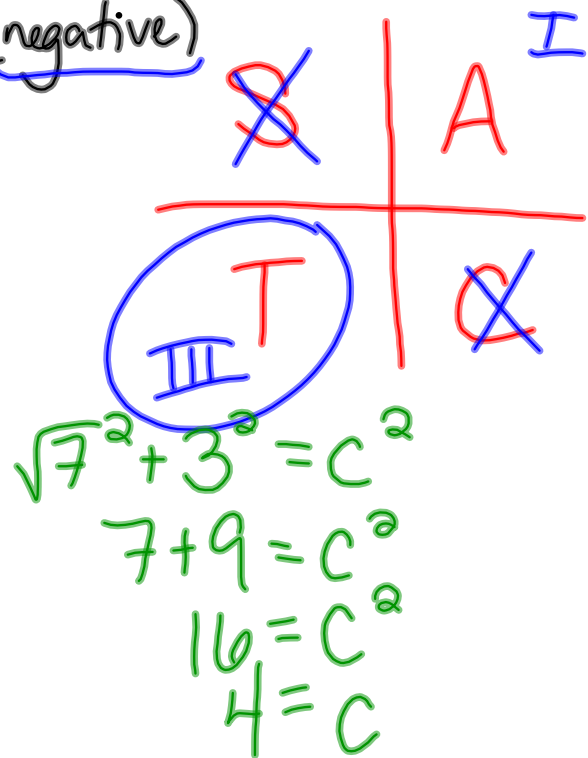
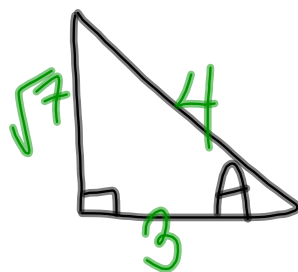
If  $\tan A = \sqrt{7}/3$  and  $\sin A < 0$ , find  $\cos A$ .

$\tan A = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$

$\sin A < 0$   
(negative)

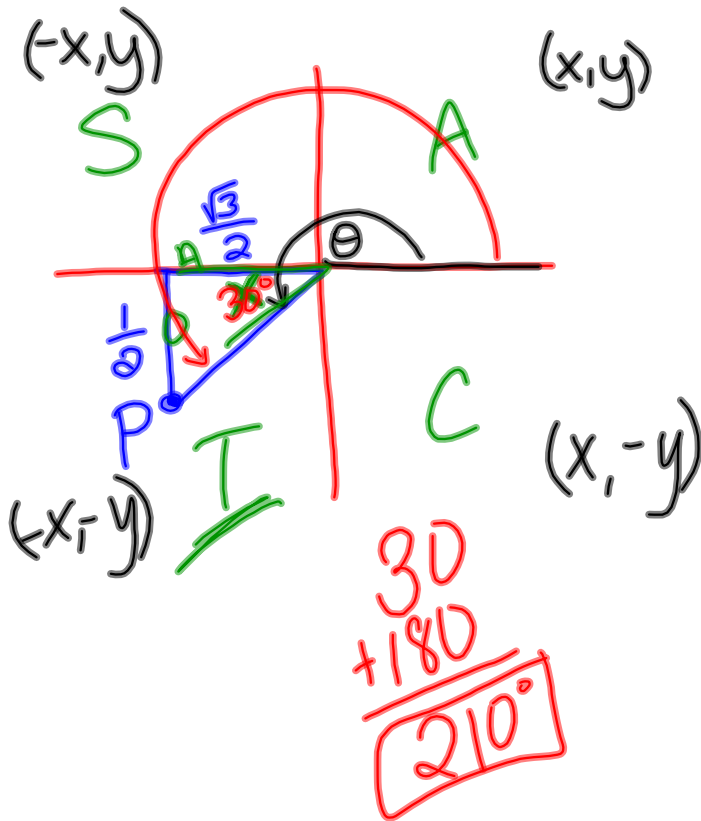
$\cos A = -\frac{3}{4}$

CAH



Given: A point

Find the measure of  $\theta$  given  $P(-\sqrt{3}/2, -1/2)$ .



$$\tan x = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$\tan x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\tan^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) = .5235987756$$

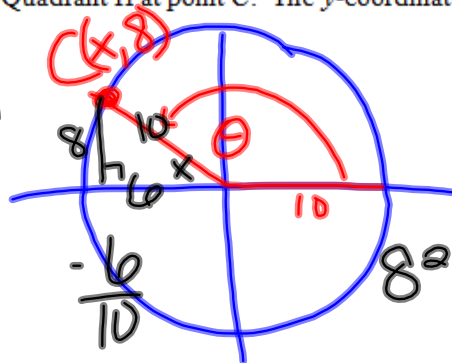
30

## Regents Example: June 2016

A circle centered at the origin has a radius of 10 units. The terminal side of an angle,  $\theta$ , intercepts the circle in Quadrant II at point  $C$ . The  $y$ -coordinate of point  $C$  is 8. What is the value of  $\cos \theta$ ?

- 1)  $-\frac{3}{5}$
- 2)  $-\frac{3}{4}$
- 3)  $\frac{3}{5}$
- 4)  $\frac{3}{4}$

CAH



$$8^2 + b^2 = 10^2$$

$$b^2 = 36$$

## Regents Example: June 2018

An angle,  $\theta$ , is in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point  $(2, -1)$ . Find the *exact* value of  $\sin \theta$ .

